SAFETY DATA SHEET

MOBIL SHC CIBUS 32



Section 1. Identification

Product name	: MOBIL SHC CIBUS 32
Product description	: synthetic base stocks and additives
SDS #	: 20555
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Hydraulic fluid
Uses advised against	: This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other than the identified uses above.
Supplier	: Imperial Oil Downstream
	P.O. Box 2480, Station M
	Calgary, ALBERTA T2P 3M9 Canada
24-Hour emergency telephone number	: 1-866-232-9563 / (800)424-9300 CHEMTREC
Product Technical Information	: 1-800-268-3183
Supplier General Contact	: 1-800-567-3776
SDS Internet Address	: www.sds.exxonmobil.com

Section 2. Hazard identification

This material is considered to be NON-HAZARDOUS according to regulatory guidelines.

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17 and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR SOR/2015-17.

Classification of the	: Not classified.
substance or mixture	

Note

: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture
- : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	Identifiers
benzenamine, n-phenyl-, reaction products with	≥0.1 - ≤1	CAS: 68411-46-1
2,4,4-trimethylpentene		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury. : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed Ingestion person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Detential coute boolth offer		
Potential acute health effect	<u></u>	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	: No specific data.	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Local necrosis as evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours after injection.	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		

indication of miniculate medical attention and special relation feeded, in necessary		
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. Pressurized mists may form a flammable mixture.
Hazardous combustion products	: Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, sulfur oxides

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Assure an extended cooling down period to prevent re- ignition. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth,

Section 7. Handling and storage

regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
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contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local

vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants. Warn other shipping. Note: see Section 1 for emergency

Section 7. Handling and storage

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Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Static Accumulator	This material is a static accumulator. A liquid is typically considered a nonconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m (100x10E-12 Siemens per meter) and is considered a semiconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m. Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same. A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, anti-static additives and filtration can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
1-decene, homopolymer hydrogenated	ExxonMobil (COMPANY)
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Aerosols (thoracic fraction).
1-dodecene, polymer with 1-decene,	ExxonMobil (COMPANY)
hydrogenated	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Aerosols (thoracic fraction).
1-decene, polymer with 1-octene and	ExxonMobil (COMPANY)
1-dodecene, hydrogenated	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Aerosols (thoracic fraction).
1-dodecene, polymer with 1-octene,	ExxonMobil (COMPANY)
hydrogenated	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Aerosols (thoracic fraction).

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance Physical state : Liquid. Color : Pale yellow Odor : Characteristic **Odor threshold** : Not available. pH : Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point : Not available. : >316°C (>600.8°F) [Estimated] **Boiling point or initial** boiling point and boiling range : Open cup: >175°C (>347°F) [ASTM D-92] Flash point : Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability : Ignitable Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 0.9% [Estimated] limit/flammability limit Upper: 7% [Estimated] Vapor pressure : <0.1 mm Hg [20 °C] [Estimated] **Relative vapor density** : >2 [Air = 1] [Estimated] : 0.846 **Relative density** Solubility in water : Negligible Partition coefficient: n-: >3.5 [Estimated] octanol/water : Not available. Auto-ignition temperature **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. 32 cSt [40 °C] [ASTM D 445] Viscosity ÷. 5.8 cSt [100 °C] [ASTM D 445] Particle characteristics Median particle size : Not applicable. Pour point -42°C ÷. Date of issue/Date of revision : 27 September 2023 Version : 2 : 14 August Date of previous issue 2024

5/10

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: High energy sources of ignition. Excessive heat.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidizers
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicolog	<u>jical effects</u>
Acute toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	
Inhalation	: Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
Dermal	: Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
Oral	: Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
Irritation/Corrosion	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
Eyes	 May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
Respiratory	: Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures. No end point data for material.
Respiratory or skin sensi	itization
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
Respiratory	: Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. No end point data for material.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to cause cancer. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.
Specific target organ tox	<u>(icity (single exposure)</u>
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure. No end point data for material.
Specific torget organ to	visity (repeated expecture)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Product/ingredient name)	Category	Target organs
MOBIL SHC CIBUS 32		Not applicable.	-
Conclusion/Summary		use organ damage from prol rial. Based on assessment o	longed or repeated exposure. No end f the components.
Aspiration hazard			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to be the material. Data		d on physico-chemical properties of
Other information			
Contains	of normal use, base mutagenic or genot phenyl-, reaction pr a supplier's extende administration of su gains in parental fer implantation sites a containing substitut developmental toxic administration perio gain starting in pre- females, decreased 5 wt% classification	ed on laboratory studies with coxic. Not sensitizing in test a oducts with 2,4,4-trimethylpe ed one-generation dietary stu libstituted DPA included decr males during gestation and I nd decreased mean litter siz ed DPA was tested in a rat of city screening study (OECD od. Study results included de mating and continuing throu d number of implantation site of threshold for the reproducti	ificant health effects under conditions the same or similar materials. Not animals and humans. Benzenamine, N- entene (substituted DPA): Results from udy with 10-week pre-mating reased body weight and body weight lactation, decreased number of ze. A representative formulation oral gavage reproductive/ TG 421) with a 10-week pre-mating acreased body weight and body weight gh gestation and lactation in parental es and decreasing trend in litter size. A ve effects of substituted DPA was nd is consistent with the NOAEL in the

Section 12. Ecological information

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

<u>Toxicity</u>

Conclusion/Summary

- Acute toxicity Chronic toxicity
- : Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.
- : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

Not determined.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not determined.

<u>Mobility in soil</u>

 Mobility
 : Base oil component -- Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids. Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land.

Other ecological information	<u>on</u>	
Other adverse effects	: 1	

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Section 14. Transport information

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	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (o,o,o-triphenyl phosphorothioate)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (o,o,o- triphenyl phosphorothioate)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (o,o,o-triphenyl phosphorothioate)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (o,o,o- triphenyl phosphorothioate)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9
Label(s) / Mark(s)				
Packing group	111	111	111	111
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

Additional information

TDG Classification	 Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as dangerous goods when transported by road or rail. <u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 5 <u>Special provisions</u> 16, 99
DOT Classification	 Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as hazardous materials unless transported by inland waterway. This product is not regulated as a hazardous material when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a. <u>Limited quantity</u> Yes. <u>Packaging instruction</u> Exceptions: 155. Non-bulk: 203. Bulk: 241. <u>Special provisions</u> 8, 146, 173, 335, 441, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29
IMDG	 This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-A, S-F <u>Special provisions</u> 274, 335, 969
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 14 August Date of previous issue : 27 September 2023 Version : 2 8/10

Section 14. Transport information

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ΙΑΤΑ	:	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8. Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Cargo Aircraft Only: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y964. Special provisions A97, A158, A197, A215
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not applicable.

Section 15. Regulatory information

	Cana	dian	lists
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Canadian NPRI : None of the	e components are listed.
CEPA Toxic substances : None of the	e components are listed.
TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification	
Not applicable.	
Inventory list	
Australia inventory (AIIC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory (DSL-NDSL)	: All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory (CSCL)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory (Industrial Safety and Health Act)	: All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Korea inventory (KECI)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	: All components are active or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 14 August Date of previous issue : 27 September 2023 Version : 2 9/10 2024
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
Version	: 2
Date of previous issue	: 27 September 2023
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 14 August 2024
<u>History</u>	

Section 16. Other information

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Not classified.

Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Product code	: 20156010J510_1166157

Notice to reader

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